# EXHIBIT A

AO 88A (Rev. 12/20) Subpoena to Testify at a Deposition in a Civil Action

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

District of Delaware	
BEARBOX LLC and AUSTIN STORMS,	
Plaintiff ) v. )	Civil Action No. 21-534-MN-CJB
LANCIUM LLC, MICHAEL T. MCNAMARA, and ) RAYMOND E. CLINE, JR., )	
Defendant )	
SUBPOENA TO TESTIFY AT A DEPO	OSITION IN A CIVIL ACTION
To: GlidePath Power Solutions, LLC, c/o Corporation Se	
(Name of person to whom to	nis subpoena is directed)
Testimony: YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear at the deposition to be taken in this civil action. If you are an organizat party serving this subpoena about the following matters, or those or more officers, directors, or managing agents, or designate other these matters:	ion, you must promptly confer in good faith with the set forth in an attachment, and you must designate one
Place: Barnes & Thornburg LLP, 000 N. West Street, Ste. 1500, Wilmington, DE 19801 (302)300-34 or, by remote means, to be determined by agreement of counsel.	Date and Time: 02/18/2022 9:00 am
The deposition will be recorded by this method: court	reporter and videographer
☐ <i>Production:</i> You, or your representatives, must also brin electronically stored information, or objects, and must permaterial:	
The following provisions of Fed. R. Civ. P. 45 are attach Rule 45(d), relating to your protection as a person subject to a surrespond to this subpoena and the potential consequences of not determine the consequences of the con	bpoena; and Rule 45(e) and (g), relating to your duty to
Date:02/03/2022 CLERK OF COURT	
CELIUI OF COOK!	OR
	/s/ Chad S. C. Stover
Signature of Clerk or Deputy Clerk	Attorney's signature
The name, address, e-mail address, and telephone number of the	attorney representing (name of party) Defendants , who issues or requests this subpoena, are:
Chad S. C. Stover, Barnes & Thornburg LLP, 1000 N. West Stree	t, Ste. 1500, Wilmington, DE 19801 (302)300-3474

# Notice to the person who issues or requests this subpoena

If this subpoena commands the production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things before trial, a notice and a copy of the subpoena must be served on each party in this case before it is served on the person to whom it is directed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 45(a)(4).

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Civil Action No. 21-534-MN-CJB

# PROOF OF SERVICE

(This section should not be filed with the court unless required by Fed. R. Civ. P. 45.)

n (date)	abpoena for (name of individual and title, if an	<u> </u>	
☐ I served the s	ubpoena by delivering a copy to the nan	ned individual as follows:	
		on (date) ; or	
☐ I returned the	subpoena unexecuted because:		
tendered to the v	oena was issued on behalf of the United vitness the fees for one day's attendance	•	
y fees are \$	for travel and \$	for services, for a total of \$	0.00
I declare under μ	penalty of perjury that this information is	s true.	
te:			
		Server's signature	
		Printed name and title	
		Server's address	

Additional information regarding attempted service, etc.:

#### Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 45 (c), (d), (e), and (g) (Effective 12/1/13)

#### (c) Place of Compliance.

- (1) For a Trial, Hearing, or Deposition. A subpoena may command a person to attend a trial, hearing, or deposition only as follows:
- (A) within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; or
- (B) within the state where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person, if the person
  - (i) is a party or a party's officer; or
- (ii) is commanded to attend a trial and would not incur substantial expense.

#### (2) For Other Discovery. A subpoena may command:

- (A) production of documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things at a place within 100 miles of where the person resides, is employed, or regularly transacts business in person; and
  - (B) inspection of premises at the premises to be inspected.

#### (d) Protecting a Person Subject to a Subpoena; Enforcement.

(1) Avoiding Undue Burden or Expense; Sanctions. A party or attorney responsible for issuing and serving a subpoena must take reasonable steps to avoid imposing undue burden or expense on a person subject to the subpoena. The court for the district where compliance is required must enforce this duty and impose an appropriate sanction—which may include lost earnings and reasonable attorney's fees—on a party or attorney who fails to comply.

#### (2) Command to Produce Materials or Permit Inspection.

- (A) Appearance Not Required. A person commanded to produce documents, electronically stored information, or tangible things, or to permit the inspection of premises, need not appear in person at the place of production or inspection unless also commanded to appear for a deposition, hearing, or trial.
- **(B)** Objections. A person commanded to produce documents or tangible things or to permit inspection may serve on the party or attorney designated in the subpoena a written objection to inspecting, copying, testing, or sampling any or all of the materials or to inspecting the premises—or to producing electronically stored information in the form or forms requested. The objection must be served before the earlier of the time specified for compliance or 14 days after the subpoena is served. If an objection is made, the following rules apply:
- (i) At any time, on notice to the commanded person, the serving party may move the court for the district where compliance is required for an order compelling production or inspection.
- (ii) These acts may be required only as directed in the order, and the order must protect a person who is neither a party nor a party's officer from significant expense resulting from compliance.

# (3) Quashing or Modifying a Subpoena.

- (A) When Required. On timely motion, the court for the district where compliance is required must quash or modify a subpoena that:
  - (i) fails to allow a reasonable time to comply;
- (ii) requires a person to comply beyond the geographical limits specified in Rule 45(c);
- (iii) requires disclosure of privileged or other protected matter, if no exception or waiver applies; or
  - (iv) subjects a person to undue burden.
- **(B)** When Permitted. To protect a person subject to or affected by a subpoena, the court for the district where compliance is required may, on motion, quash or modify the subpoena if it requires:

- (i) disclosing a trade secret or other confidential research, development, or commercial information; or
- (ii) disclosing an unretained expert's opinion or information that does not describe specific occurrences in dispute and results from the expert's study that was not requested by a party.
- (C) Specifying Conditions as an Alternative. In the circumstances described in Rule 45(d)(3)(B), the court may, instead of quashing or modifying a subpoena, order appearance or production under specified conditions if the serving party:
- (i) shows a substantial need for the testimony or material that cannot be otherwise met without undue hardship; and
  - (ii) ensures that the subpoenaed person will be reasonably compensated.

#### (e) Duties in Responding to a Subpoena.

- (1) *Producing Documents or Electronically Stored Information.* These procedures apply to producing documents or electronically stored information:
- (A) Documents. A person responding to a subpoena to produce documents must produce them as they are kept in the ordinary course of business or must organize and label them to correspond to the categories in the demand.
- **(B)** Form for Producing Electronically Stored Information Not Specified. If a subpoena does not specify a form for producing electronically stored information, the person responding must produce it in a form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or in a reasonably usable form or forms.
- (C) Electronically Stored Information Produced in Only One Form. The person responding need not produce the same electronically stored information in more than one form.
- **(D)** Inaccessible Electronically Stored Information. The person responding need not provide discovery of electronically stored information from sources that the person identifies as not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. On motion to compel discovery or for a protective order, the person responding must show that the information is not reasonably accessible because of undue burden or cost. If that showing is made, the court may nonetheless order discovery from such sources if the requesting party shows good cause, considering the limitations of Rule 26(b)(2)(C). The court may specify conditions for the discovery.

#### (2) Claiming Privilege or Protection.

- (A) Information Withheld. A person withholding subpoenaed information under a claim that it is privileged or subject to protection as trial-preparation material must:
  - (i) expressly make the claim; and
- (ii) describe the nature of the withheld documents, communications, or tangible things in a manner that, without revealing information itself privileged or protected, will enable the parties to assess the claim.
- (B) Information Produced. If information produced in response to a subpoena is subject to a claim of privilege or of protection as trial-preparation material, the person making the claim may notify any party that received the information of the claim and the basis for it. After being notified, a party must promptly return, sequester, or destroy the specified information and any copies it has; must not use or disclose the information until the claim is resolved; must take reasonable steps to retrieve the information if the party disclosed it before being notified; and may promptly present the information under seal to the court for the district where compliance is required for a determination of the claim. The person who produced the information must preserve the information until the claim is resolved.

#### (g) Contempt.

The court for the district where compliance is required—and also, after a motion is transferred, the issuing court—may hold in contempt a person who, having been served, fails without adequate excuse to obey the subpoena or an order related to it.

# ATTACHMENT A

# TOPICS FOR DEPOSITION

- 1. Communications between anyone at Glidepath and Austin Storms.
- 2. Communications between anyone at Glidepath and Ben Hakes.
- 3. Communications between Denis Labij, on the one hand, and Austin Storms and/or Ben Hakes, on the other hand, concerning the electrical grid or Independent System Operators (ISOs). See, for example, GLIDEPATH00000362, 364, and 573.
- 4. Any agreements with Ben Hakes, including the Master Services Agreement between Ben Hakes and Glidepath.
- Any agreements with Austin Storms or BearBox LLC, including the Confidentiality Agreement with BearBox LLC.
- 6. The documents produced to Lancium pursuant to the subpoena served on Glidepath in the Litigation.
  - 7. Communications between anyone at Glidepath and anyone at Lancium.

# **DEFINITIONS AND INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. For purposes of these topics, terms not specifically defined shall be given their ordinary meaning. Should you not understand the meaning of any term, you are requested to immediately seek clarification.
- 2. The term "Document" has the broadest meaning accorded that term by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34(a) and includes, but is not limited to, all of the items defined in Federal Rule of Evidence 1001, electronic mail, non-identical copies and preliminary and final drafts of any such item, electronically stored information, and all tangible embodiments, manifestations, or

evidence of acommunication, as defined below.

- 3. The term "Thing" has the meaning set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 34 and includes any kind of sample, model, article, device, apparatus, equipment, specimen, or any otherphysical or tangible item, other than a document.
- 4. The term "Communication" means and includes any and all forms of information transmission, exchange, or storage, including, but not limited to, written, oral, electronic, telephonic, videographic, or other inquiries, dialogues, discussions, conversations, interviews, correspondence, consultations, negotiations, agreements, understandings, meetings, notes, telegrams, advertisements, computer mail and email, and all other Documents and Things evidencing any verbal or nonverbal interaction between persons and entities.
- 5. The terms "person" and "party" shall include both (1) natural persons and (2) or any business, legal, or governmental entity or organization, including but not limited to You; the terms "other person" and "third party" mean any person or party other than You.
- 6. The term "BearBox" means Plaintiff BearBox, LLC, and all predecessors and/or successors thereto; all parents, divisions or subsidiaries thereof, whether wholly or partially owned; and all partners, directors, owners, officers, members, employees, agents, representatives, and any other persons under the control of BearBox, LLC, including but not limited to Austin Storms and its counsel.
- 7. The term "Lancium" means Lancium LLC and all predecessors and/or successors thereto; all parents, divisions or subsidiaries thereof, whether wholly or partially owned; and all partners, directors, owners, officers, members, employees, agents, representatives, and other persons under the control of Lancium, and specifically includes individual defendants Michael McNamara and Raymond Cline.

- 8. "Austin Storms" means Plaintiff Austin Storms.
- 9. The term "Litigation" means the lawsuit *BearBox LLC and Austin Storms v. Lancium, LLC, Michael McNamara, and Raymond E. Cline, Jr.* Case No. 21-534-MN, currently pending in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware.
  - 10. The term "You" and "Your" mean GlidePath.
- 11. The term "entity" means any person or any organization or association of any type, including business, legal, and governmental organizations or associations.
- 12. The terms "concerning," "regarding," and "relating to" shall be construed in its most inclusive sense to mean comprising, containing, mentioning, constituting, reflecting, discussing, describing, showing, evidencing, embodying, describing, supporting, contradicting, refuting, identifying, summarizing, reporting, pertaining to, referring to, or in any way logically or factually connected with the stated matter.